How do you take the first step towards an energy efficient future?

Low-voltage induction motors according to the new efficiency standard and new efficiency classes

Answers for industry.
New definitions, new efficiency classes

**Background**

Comprehensive legislation has been passed in the European Union with the objective to reduce the energy consumption and therefore CO₂ emissions. Energy usage and the efficiency of induction motors in the industrial environment is discussed in Part 11 of the EuP Directive (EuP = Energy Using Products) and the EU Directive 2005/32/EC respectively. In the meantime, this directive has been implemented in domestic legislation in all countries of the European Union.

IEC Standard 60034-30:2008 defines efficiency classes for 50 and 60 Hz and stipulates, worldwide, which motors are involved and which exceptions apply. The EuP Directive is essentially based on parts of this standard.

**New nomenclature**

New efficiency classes have been defined in IEC 60034-30 for induction motors (IE = International Efficiency):

- IE1 (Standard Efficiency)
- IE2 (High Efficiency)
- IE3 (Premium Efficiency)

**New measuring techniques to determine the efficiency**

In addition to the new nomenclature, the measuring technique has also changed: With the new measuring technique IEC 60034-2-1:2007, the stray load losses are no longer assumed to be a lump sum value of 0.5%; instead, they are indirectly calculated by making measurements.

This means that the nominal efficiencies decrease from EFF1 to IE2 or EFF2 to IE1 respectively, although nothing changes at the motor - neither technically nor physically.

Previously: \[ P_{LL} = 0.5\% \] as lump sum value

Now: \[ P_{LL} = \text{individual measurement} \]

\[ P_{LL} = \text{load-dependent stray-load losses} \]

The efficiencies specified in IEC 60034-30 should be determined corresponding to IEC 60034-2-1:2007. This part has been valid since November 2007 and from November 2010 onwards replaces the previous IEC 60034-2 part of the standard. What is new: the actual additional losses are now measured and are no longer added as lump sum.

As an example the efficiencies for three IE2 motors according to the new as well as the old measuring techniques are listed in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power</th>
<th>Previous EFF measuring technique (incl. lump sum losses) EN/IEC 60034-2:1996 50 Hz</th>
<th>New technique to determine losses acc. to IEC 60034-2-1:2007 50 Hz</th>
<th>New technique to determine losses acc. to IEC 60034-2-1:2007 60 Hz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.5 kW 4-pole</td>
<td>89.2 %</td>
<td>88.2 %</td>
<td>89.5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 kW 4-pole</td>
<td>93.9 %</td>
<td>93.1 %</td>
<td>93.6 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110 kW 4-pole</td>
<td>95.9 % (not defined acc. to CEMEP)</td>
<td>94.5 %</td>
<td>95.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Rotating electrical machines – Part 30: Efficiency classes of single-speed, three-phase, cage-induction motors (IE code); ** still being coordinated
Motors involved

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CEMEP</th>
<th>Voluntary EU Agreement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td>Voluntary agreement between the EU Commission and the European Manufacturers Association CEMEP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of poles</strong></td>
<td>2, 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power range</strong></td>
<td>1.1 – 90 kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Level</strong></td>
<td>EFF3 - Standard EFF2 - Improved efficiency EFF1 - High efficiency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Voltage</strong></td>
<td>400V, 50 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Degree of protection</strong></td>
<td>IP5X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Motors with brake</strong></td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Geared motors</strong></td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ex motors</strong></td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Validity</strong></td>
<td>Voluntary agreement; is withdrawn with the implementation of domestic legislation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td>The EuP Directive must be implemented in domestic legislation in all EU countries. IEC 60034-2-1: 2007 is the basis for determining the losses and therefore the efficiency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Voltage</strong></td>
<td>&lt; 1000 V, 50/60Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Motors with brake</strong></td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Geared motors</strong></td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ex motors</strong></td>
<td>EuP Directive – NO Siemens stamps zone 2/21/22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Exceptions in the EuP

- Motors that have been designed so that they can be operated completely submerged in a liquid;
- Motors that are completely integrated into a product (e.g. a gear unit, a pump, a fan or a compressor) where the motor efficiency cannot be determined independently from this product;
- Motors that have been specifically designed for operation under the following conditions:
  - at altitudes greater than 1000 meters above sea level;
  - at ambient temperatures above 40 °C;
  - at max. operating temperatures above 400 °C;
  - at ambient temperatures below –15 °C (any motor)
  - at cooling liquid temperatures at the product intake of below 5 °C or above 25 °C;
- Brake motors

### The following motors are not involved

- 8-pole motors
- Pole-changing motors
- Synchronous motors
- Siemens smoke extraction motors
- Motors for intermittent duty S2 ... S9
- Motors that have been specifically developed for converter operation

### The changes become effective on these dates

**From 16.06.2011**

The legally specified minimum efficiency IE2 for induction motors in S1 duty must be maintained according to the EuP Directive

**From 1.1.2015:**

The legally specified minimum efficiency IE3 must be maintained for power ratings from 7.5 kW to 375 kW or as alternative, an IE2 motor plus frequency inverter

**From 1.1.2017:**

The legally specified minimum efficiency IE3 must be maintained for power ratings from 0.75 kW up to 375 kW or as alternative, an IE2 motor plus converter

### NEMA motors


Currently, EPAct defines the minimum efficiency (IE2) for power ratings from 1 to 200 HP, 2/4/6-pole, voltages of 230 V and 460 V. A series of exceptions apply.

From 12.2010, EISA extends the legal minimum efficiency requirements and the following motors must fulfill the NEMA Premium Level (IE3):

- 1-200 HP
- 2/4/6 pole
- 230 V, 460 V

Further, for instance, the following motors must comply with the NEMA Energy Efficient Level (IE2):

- 201-500 HP
- 2/4/6 and 8 pole
- All voltages < 600 V with the exception of 230 V and 460 V
- Footless motors (IM B5)
- NEMA Design C (increased starting torque)

For details, refer to NEMA MG1, Table 12-11.
What changes?

The nominal voltage changes
With the introduction of IE specifications on the rating plate, the rated voltage (e.g. 400 VΔ / 690 VY) is stamped together with the associated efficiency. Voltage range data is eliminated (e.g. 380 - 420 VΔ). The reason for this is that the transition period for extended line supply voltage tolerances already expired worldwide back in 2007.

The rating plate changes
The technical data on the rating plate change as follows:
- **Efficiency:** The efficiencies stipulated by the standard are now specified.
- **Current:** The rated current changes as a result of the lower efficiency value.
- **Nominal voltage:** The voltage range is no longer specified, previously 380 - 420 V, new 400 V.

Changes relating to orders from 1.11.2009
From 01.11.2009 (order entry), Siemens AG will stamp all standard catalog motors, which are subject to the law, with the efficiency classification / nomenclature IE1 or IE2.

Regarding the standard, the motors will be changed over from today’s EFF nomenclature to the IE nomenclature specified by law in the future (e.g. EFF2 → IE1).

Please take into account that under certain circumstances, this can result in changes in your documentation.

Order your motors just as before using the identical Order No. as for EFF motors:
- **Catalog motors** will be automatically stamped with the new classification according to IE1 and IE2 for orders entered after 01.11.2009.
- For orders entered after 01.12.2009, we can additionally offer you various IE2 stock motors with short delivery times.
- **Existing EFF2 stock motors** will be changed over to the IE1 rating plate in November, i.e. for orders entered after 01.12.2009, stock motors will be supplied with the IE1 rating plates.

However, for a brief period, depending on the types, shipments can include both EFF2 and IE1 motors. The rating plates will automatically include the adapted technical data (efficiency, current, IE nomenclature and nominal voltage).

New rating plates
We can offer you an energy efficient future

By making the decision to use energy efficient drives, you can lower your energy costs and have a positive effect on the environment.

Analyzing the drive technology in your plant can lead to significant cost-saving potential that you may not be aware of. We can help you discover this by offering suitable tools, for example, SinaSave to calculate the payback time of drives, and also with our products – creating a secure investment in an efficient future!

**Future standard – already today.**

Today, Siemens is already changing over from the current EFF labelling scheme to the IE nomenclature which is to be legally specified in the future (EFF2 → IE1 and EFF1 → IE2). This means that you already comply with the legal requirements of tomorrow.

From **16.06.2011**, IE1 standard motors (previously EFF2) may no longer be marketed in Europe. From this date onwards, it is a legal requirement that all standard motors, which are sold into the market, must comply with the IE2 classification (previously EFF1) as a minimum.

Unless you already have a policy of purchasing EFF1 motors, this means that you must make the change to the higher class of motor from **EFF2 (IE1) → IE2** at the latest by 16.06.2011. For projects with longer run times, the changeover to IE2 must already have been completed by this date. Please note, the motor types, weights, dimensions etc will change.

Take the first step: Effective immediately, you can help to protect the environment by adopting the IE2 class of motors and in the process save energy and cost.

With Siemens, you are optimally equipped for the future. We can help you to ensure that your company makes the changeover on time.

Simply talk to your Siemens contact partner in your region.

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**Plan today with the higher class IE2 motor.**

In addition to the catalog motors, stock motors will be offered with the new IE marking as of **01.12.2009**. This means that IE2 motors will then be available with short delivery times.

IE3 motors are available on request.

Customer-specific motors must be checked to determine whether or not they must be changed over to IE2.

All this means that you are already equipped for the future today: Use IE2 motors and reduce your costs.

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**Comparison of IE1 and IE2 motor types?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Motor IE1 (previously EFF2)</th>
<th>Frame size</th>
<th>Changeover to IE2 (previously EFF1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1LA7</td>
<td>80 - 90</td>
<td>1LA9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1LA7/1LE1002</td>
<td>100 - 160</td>
<td>1LE1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1LA5</td>
<td>180 - 200</td>
<td>1LA9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1LA5</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>1LG6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1LG4</td>
<td>180 - 315</td>
<td>1LG6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1LA8</td>
<td>315 - 355</td>
<td>1LA8 (the motors already fulfill IE2 today)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ex motors: zones 2, 21 + 22, type of protection n or dust explosion protection</td>
<td>80 - 225</td>
<td>Minimum efficiency IE2 according to EuP is not specified. However, Siemens will mark all frame sizes corresponding to the new IE standard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Additional information

International Efficiency information
www.siemens.com/international-efficiency

Energy-efficient drives
www.siemens.com/energysaving

Payback calculator
www.siemens.com/sinasave

Configurator for drives
www.siemens.com/dt-configurator

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